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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/067,463	02/04/2002		Vahid Orboubadian	YMEDIA.009A	6384
28112	7590	01/12/2006		EXAMINER	
		& ASSOCIATES	JERABEK, KELLY L		
	28 DAVIS AVENUE POUGHKEEPSIE, NY 12603			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	-,			2612	

DATE MAILED: 01/12/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/067,463	ORBOUBADIAN, VAHID	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Kelly L. Jerabek	2612	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	appears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address	
WHI( - Exte after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior ine to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state reply received by the Office later than three months after the mated and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO tute, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
1)⊠ 2a)⊠ 3)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) To The Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under the second s	his action is non-final. vance except for formal ma	·	<b>&gt;</b>
Disposit	ion of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□ Applicat	Claim(s) 1-16 and 26 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-16 and 26 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and ion Papers The specification is objected to by the Exami	rawn from consideration.		
10)	The specification is objected to by the Exami The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the	ccepted or b) objected to ne drawing(s) be held in abeya ection is required if the drawin	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(c	d).
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreignal All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Buresee the attached detailed Office action for a life.	ents have been received. ents have been received in a riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No  n received in this National Stage	
Attachmen	t(s)	·		
1) Notic 2) Notic 3) Infor	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 10/20/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

#### Response to Remarks:

Applicant's arguments regarding claim 1 (Amendment pages 8-9) state that the Narayanaswami reference does not disclose "receiving information on a first static camera characteristic as claimed. Applicant's arguments state that the "image mode" parameter disclosed by Narayanaswami indicating whether the camera is in a portrait mode or landscape mode is not a static camera characteristic because the result of this kind of measurement can be different for every image taken. The Examiner respectfully disagrees. Although the "image mode" parameter indicating whether the camera is in portrait mode or landscape mode is dynamic, the fact that the camera is in either landscape mode or portrait mode indicates that the image sensor of the camera is rectangular in shape. Therefore, the geometry of the image sensor is a static camera characteristic that is reflected by the watermarked portrait or landscape parameter. Although the static camera characteristics disclosed in the specification of the present application are different than the static characteristic (shape of image sensor) disclosed

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by Narayanaswami, the Narayanaswami reference still reads on claim 1 because it discloses receiving information on a first static camera characteristic (the watermark indicating portrait or landscape mode indicates that the camera is rectangular in shape).

Applicant's arguments regarding claim 1 (Amendment page 9) state that the Narayanaswami reference does not disclose "receiving camera setting information relating to a <u>first</u> captured digitized image". Applicant's arguments state that since the Narayanaswami reference discloses that parameters are generated with each digital image, it is different than the claimed invention. The Examiner respectfully disagrees. Although the Narayanaswami reference states that parameters (camera setting information) are generated for each digital image (eg. a first captured image and subsequent image), the reference still reads on the claim because it receives camera setting information related to a first captured digitized image.

Applicant's arguments regarding independent claim 8 (Amendment page 10) are similar to the arguments regarding claim 1 and therefore the response above also applies to claim 8 and its dependent claims.

Applicant's arguments regarding independent claim 26 (Amendment page 12) are similar to the arguments regarding claim 1 and therefore the response above also applies to claim 26.

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#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 5-8, 10-13, and 26 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Narayanaswami et al. US 2003/0011684.

Re claim 1, Narayanaswami discloses a method of embedding camera information and image capture related information in a digital form of an image, comprising: receiving information on a first static camera characteristic (camera capable of being in portrait or landscape mode indicates that the image sensor of the camera is rectangular in shape) (page 3, paragraph 35); receiving camera setting information (focal length, focus distance, frame number, image quality, flash status, light meter readings, etc.) related to a first captured digitized image (page 3, paragraphs 34-35); generating an encryption key based at least in part on the first static characteristic (page 5, paragraph 46); embedding a watermark in said first captured digitized image,

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wherein the watermark contains at least a portion of the information on the first static characteristic and at least a portion of the camera setting information related to said first captured digitized image; and encrypting the watermark using the encryption key (page 4, paragraph 42 - page 5, paragraph 48).

Re claim 5, Narayanaswami states that the camera setting information includes information related to the flash intensity used to capture the digitized image (page 3, paragraph 34).

Re claim 6, Narayanaswami states that information related to the ambient light present when the image was captured is included in the watermark (page 3, paragraph 34).

Re claim 7, Narayanaswami states that a number of dynamically measured camera characteristics are included in the watermark (page 3, paragraph 34).

Re claim 8, Narayanaswami discloses a digital camera system, comprising: an imager (page 3, paragraph 32); a first static camera characteristic (imager shape) associated with the imager (camera capable of being in portrait or landscape mode indicates that the image sensor of the camera is rectangular in shape) (page 3, paragraph 35); a first variable camera setting; (focal length, focus distance, frame number, image quality, flash status, light meter readings, etc.) (page 3, paragraphs 34-

35); a watermark generator used to embed in the form of a watermark at least one of said first static camera characteristic and said first variable camera setting information in an image captured by the camera; and a key generator configured to generate an encryption key used to encrypt a watermark (page 4, paragraph 42 - page 5, paragraph 48).

Re claim 10, the watermark disclosed by Narayanaswami is visually imperceptible (page 5, paragraph 45).

Re claims 11-13, Narayanaswami states that the variable camera settings to be watermarked consist of shutter speed, aperture setting, flash setting as well as other camera settings (page 4, paragraph 43).

Re claim 26, see claim 1. Narayanaswami also states that the digitized image and the data set may be transmitted (page 4, paragraph 41).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 2-4 and 14-16 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narayanaswami et al.

Re claims 2-4, Narayanaswami discloses all of the limitations of claim 1 above. Additionally, Narayanaswami states that a first static camera characteristic (image sensor shape) (camera capable of being in portrait or landscape mode indicates that the image sensor of the camera is rectangular in shape) as well as many other parameters may be embedded as a watermark in a digital image (page 3, paragraph 35; page 4, paragraph 43). However, Narayanaswami does not specifically state that camera parameters such as camera image sensor bad pixel characteristics, sensor current values, and image sensor sensitivities are embedded as a watermark in a digital image. The Examiner takes Official Notice that camera parameters such as camera image sensor bad pixel characteristics, sensor current values, and image sensor sensitivities were well known in the art at the time the invention was made. Therefore, it would have been obvious for one skilled in the art to have been motivated to record and watermark camera parameters such as camera image sensor bad pixel characteristics, sensor current values, and image sensor sensitivities into a digital image in addition to the parameters disclosed by Narayanaswami that are watermarked into a digital image. Doing so would provide a means for accessing the camera parameters present when the image was taken when accessing the image itself.

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Re claims 14-16, Narayanaswami discloses all of the limitations of claim 8 above. Additionally, Narayanaswami states that a first static camera characteristic (image sensor shape) (camera capable of being in portrait or landscape mode indicates that the image sensor of the camera is rectangular in shape) as well as many other parameters may be embedded as a watermark in a digital image (page 3, paragraph 35; page 4, paragraph 43). However, Narayanaswami does not specifically state that camera parameters such as imager current, defective pixels associate with the imager, and gamma information are embedded as a watermark in a digital image. The Examiner takes Official Notice that camera parameters such as imager current, defective pixels associate with the imager, and gamma information were well known in the art at the time the invention was made. Therefore, it would have been obvious for one skilled in the art to have been motivated to record and watermark camera parameters such as imager current, defective pixels associate with the imager, and gamma information into a digital image in addition to the parameters disclosed by Narayanaswami that are watermarked into a digital image. Doing so would provide a means for accessing the camera parameters present when the image was taken when accessing the image itself.

Claim 9 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narayanaswami et al. in view of Isnardi et al. US 6,037,984.

Re claim 9, Narayanaswami discloses all of the limitations of claim 8 above. However, Narayanaswami states that the stamping/watermarking information is invisible.

Isnardi states that digital watermarks are well known in the art. Isnardi states that although watermarks are generally invisible, in some application, it is desirable to produce a visible watermark that can be removed by an authorized image decoder (col. 1, lines 11-25). Therefore, it would have been obvious for one skilled in the art to have been motivated to include a visually perceptible watermark as disclosed by Isnardi in the camera capable of watermarking camera parameters into digital image data as disclosed by Narayanaswami. Doing so would provide a means for visibly displaying a watermark on an image and only allowing it to be removed by an authorized image decoder (Isnardi: col. 1, lines 21-25).

### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

#### Contacts

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kelly L. Jerabek whose telephone number is (571) 272-7312. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday (8:00 AM - 5:00 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ngoc Yen Vu can be reached on (571) 272-7320. The fax phone number for submitting all Official communications is 703-872-9306. The fax phone number for submitting informal communications such as drafts, proposed amendments, etc., may be faxed directly to the Examiner at (571) 273-7312.

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KLJ Kelly J.

DRIMARY EXAMINER